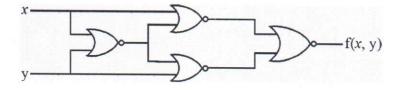
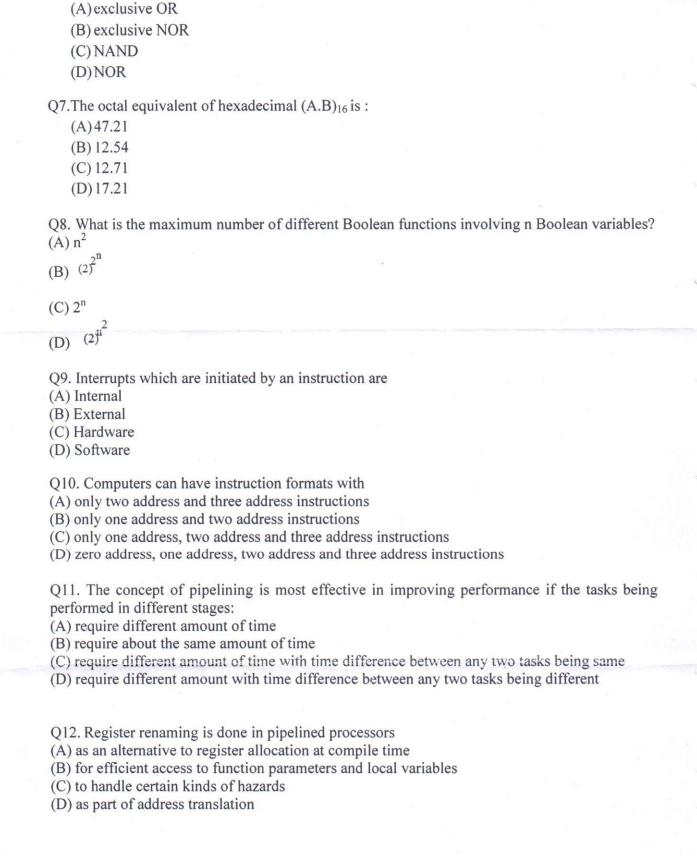
PhD Entrance Examination

Computer Science and Engineering

- Q1. The number of elements in the power set of (A U B), where $A = \{2, 3, 5, 7\}$ and $B = \{2, 5, 8, 9\}$ are
 - (A) 256
 - (B) 64
 - (C) 16
 - (D) 4
- Q2.Let T(n) be the function defined by T(n) = 1 and T(n)= $2T(n/2) + \sqrt{n}$, which of the following is TRUE?
 - $(A) T(n) = O(\sqrt{n})$
 - (B) $T(n) = O(log_2 n)$
 - (C) T(n) = O(n)
 - $(D) T(n) = O(n^2)$
- Q3. Which of the following statement is false?
 - (A) Every tree is a bipartite graph
 - (B) A tree contains a cycle
 - (C) A tree with n nodes contain n-1 edges
 - (D) A tree is a connected graph
- Q4. A coin is tossed twice. What is the probability that the head occurs at least once?
 - (A)4/4
 - (B) 2/4
 - (C) 3/4
 - (D)0
- Q5. The characteristic equation of a T flip-flop is:
 - $(A)Q_{n+1}=TQ'_n+T'Q_n$
 - $(B) Q_{n+1} = T + Q_n$
 - $(C) Q_{n+1} = TQ_n$
 - $(D) Q_{n+1} = T'Q'_n$
- Q6. Identify the logic function performed by the circuit shown





O13. How many data values	can be held by an array declared as A(-1m, 1m)?
(A)m	•
(B) m ²	
(C) m(m+1)	
(D) m(m+2)	
Q14. The postfix expression	for the infix expression:
A+B*(C+D)/F+D*E is	
(A)AB+CD+*F/D+E*	
(B) $ABCD+*F/DE*++$	
(C) A*B+CD/F*DE++	
(D)A+*BCD/F*DE++	
	in a complete binary tree of height, h (with roots at level 0) is equal
to $(A)2^0 + 2^1 + \dots 2^h$	
(A) $2 + 2 + \dots 2$ (B) $2^0 + 2^1 + \dots 2^{h-1}$	
(C) $2^0 + 2^1 + \dots 2^{h+1}$	
(B) $2^{0} + 2^{1} + \dots 2^{h-1}$ (C) $2^{0} + 2^{1} + \dots 2^{h+1}$ (D) $2^{1} + \dots 2^{h+1}$	
Q16. Which of the followin (A) Dijkstra's algorith (B) Floyd's algorith (C) Prim's algorith (D) Warshall's algorith	m n
O17. Which of the followin	g sorting algorithm is of divide-and-conquer type?
(A) Bubble sort	8
(B) Insertion sort	
(C) Quick sort	
(D) All of above	
Q18. Match the following:	
a. calloc()	i. Frees previously allocated space
u. cuitoc()	The state of the s
b. free()	ii. Modifies previously allocated space
c. malloc()	iii. Allocates space for array
d. realloc() (A) a - iii b - i c (B) a - iii b - ii c (C) a - iii b - iv (D) a - iv b - ii	c-i d-iv c-i d-ii

Q19. What is the value of the postfix expression?

a b c d + -* (where a = 8, b = 4, c = 2 and d = 5)

- $(A) \frac{3}{8}$
- (B) $-\frac{8}{3}$
- (C) 24
- (D) -24
- Q20. Linked lists are not suitable for implementing:
 - (A) Insertion sort
 - (B) radix sort
 - (C) polynomial manipulation
 - (D) binary search
- Q21. A process executes the following code

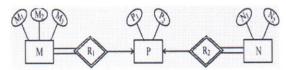
for (i=0; i<n; i++) fork ();

The total number of child processes created are

- (A) n
- (B) $2^{n}-1$
- (C) 2ⁿ
- (D) $2^{n+1}-1$
- Q22. When we pass an array as an argument to a function, what actually gets passed?
 - (A) Address of the last array element
 - (B) Values of the elements of the array
 - (C) Base address of the array
 - (D) Number of elements of the array
- Q23. Which of the following is true for the language $\{a^p \mid p \text{ is a prime}\}$?
 - (A) It is not accepted by a Turing Machine.
 - (B) It is regular but not context free
 - (C) It is context -free but not regular
 - (D) It is neither regular nor context-free, but accepted by a Turing Machine.
- Q24.Match the following :Given the recursively enumerable language (L_{RE}), the context sensitive language(L_{CS}), the recursive language(L_{RE}), the context free language (L_{CF}) and deterministic context free language (L_{DCF}). The relationship between these families is given by
 - (A) $L_{CF} \subseteq L_{DCF} \subseteq L_{CS} \subseteq L_{RE} \subseteq L_{REC}$
 - (B) L_{CF} ⊆ L_{DCF} ⊆ L_{CS} ⊆ L_{REC} ⊆ L_{RE}
 - (C) $L_{DCF} \subseteq L_{CF} \subseteq L_{CS} \subseteq L_{RE} \subseteq L_{REC}$
 - (D) $L_{DCF} \subseteq L_{CF} \subseteq L_{CS} \subseteq L_{REC} \subseteq L_{RE}$

Q25. Which of the following is the most powerful parsing method? (A) LL(I) (B) Canonical LR (C) SLR (D) LALR
Q26. Given the following expressions of a grammar $E \rightarrow E * F / F + E / F$ $F \rightarrow F - F / id$ Which of the following is true? (A) * has higher precedence than + (B) – has higher precedence than * (C) + and – have same precedence (D) + has higher precedence than *
Q27. Which of the following suffices to convert an arbitrary CFG to an LL(1) grammar? (A) Removing left recursion alone (B) Removing the grammar alone
(C) Removing left recursion and factoring the grammar (D) None of the above
Q28. A shift reduce parser suffers from (A) shift reduce conflict only (B) reduce reduce conflict only (C) both shift reduce conflict and reduce reduce conflict (D) shift handle and reduce handle Conflicts
Q29. Banker's algorithm for resource allocation deals with (A) Deadlock prevention (B) Deadlock avoidance (C) Deadlock recovery (D) Mutual exclusion
Q30. Process P1 needs 50 frames and Process P2 needs 100 frames and there are only 70 frames available? Then how many frames will be allocated to the process P1 and P2? (A) 41, 58 (B) 45, 39 (C) 23, 46 (D) None of above
Q31. Given memory partitions of 100K, 500K, 200K, 300K, and 600K (in order), which one of the First-fit, Best-fit, and Worst-fit algorithms able to place the processes of 212K, 417K, 112K, and 426K (in order) in memory? (A) Both First fit and Best fit (B) First fit only (C) Best fit only

- (D) None of the Above
- Q32. Aging is technique used to
 - (A) increase the priority of processes that are waiting for long time
 - (B) decrease the priority of processes that are waiting for long time
 - (C) increase the priority of processes that are currently running
 - (D) decrease the priority of processes that are currently running
- Q33. Assume transaction A holds a shared lock R. If transaction B also requests for a shared lock on R, it will
 - (A) result in a deadlock situation
 - (B) immediately be granted
 - (C) immediately be rejected
 - (D) be granted as soon as it is released
- Q34. Consider the following ER diagram:



The minimum number of tables required to represent M, N, P, R1, R2 is

- (A) 2
- (B) 3
- (C)4
- (D) 5
- Q35. Consider a schema R(A, B, C, D) and functional dependencies $A \to B$ and $C \to D$. Then the decomposition R₁(A, B) and R₂(C, D) is
- (A) Dependency preserving but not lossless join
- (B) Dependency preserving and lossless join
- (C) Lossless Join but not dependency preserving
- (D) Lossless Join
- Q36.Multi- valued dependency among attributes is checked at which level?
 - (A)2 NF
 - (B) 3 NF
 - (C) 4 NF
 - (D) 5 NF
- O37. Which of the following is/are example(s) of stateful application layer protocols?
 - (i) HTTP
 - (ii) FTP
 - (iii) TCP
 - (iv) POP3
 - (A) (i) and(ii) only

(C) 10^5 (D) 10^6	μs	w size for data transr	mission using the se	elective reject r	protocol with n
	equence numbers		mission using the st	neetive reject p	notocol with h
(A) 2n	(B) 2 ⁿ⁻¹	(C) 2n-1	$(D)2^{n-2}$		
(1) 411					
Q40. A su		ssigned a subnet malong to this subnet?	ask of 255.255.25	5.192. What is	the maximum
Q40. A su			ask of 255.255.25	5.192. What is	the maximum
Q40. A su number of (A) 14 (B) 30 (C) 62			ask of 255.255.25	5.192. What is	the maximum
Q40. A su number of (A) 14 (B) 30 (C) 62			ask of 255.255.25	5.192. What is	the maximum

(B) (ii) and(iii)only (C) (ii) and(iv)only (D) (iv)only Computer Sc. f. Engg.

Answer keys PhD Enterance Exam (Set-2)

Question Number	Answer
1	В
2	С
3	В
4	С
5	А
6	В
7	В
8	В
9	D
10	D
11	В
12	С
13	D
14	В
15	А
16	В
17	С
18	А
19	D
20	D
21	В
22	С
23	D
24	D
25	В

Question Number	Answer
26	В
27	D
28	С
29	В
30	С
31	С
32	Α
33	В
34	В
35	А
36	C
37	С
38	С
39	В
40	С