

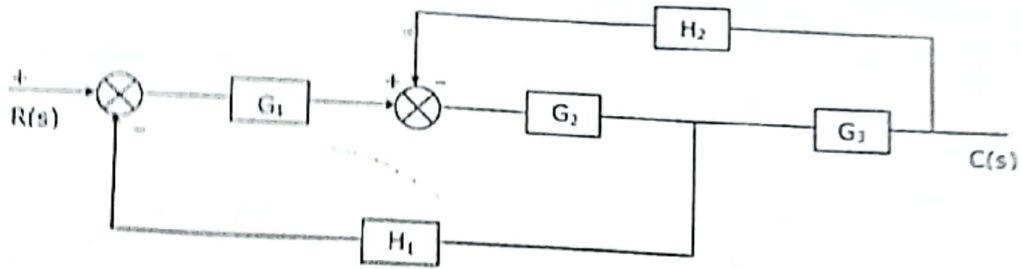
MAHARAJA RANJIT SINGH PUNJAB TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY,
BATHINDA

Ph.D. Entrance Examination of Electrical Engineering

- Q1. A triac
- conducts when not triggered
 - conducts when not triggered in both directions
 - conducts when triggered in one direction
 - none of the above
- Q2. In an induction motor, the rotor resistance and reactance are 0.2 ohm and 5 ohm respectively. In order that torque of the motor may be maximum, the value of slip should be
- 10%
 - 8%
 - 4%
 - 1%
- Q3. A class A amplifier is one in which
- base is biased to cut-off
 - I_c flows most of the time
 - I_E flows all the time
 - none of the above
- Q4. A single-phase full wave controlled bridge rectifier, minimum output voltage is obtained at conducting angleand maximum at conduction angle.....
- $0^\circ, 180^\circ$
 - $180^\circ, 0^\circ$
 - $0^\circ, 0^\circ$
 - $180^\circ, 180^\circ$
- Q5. A pointer of an instrument once deflected returns to zero position, when the current is removed, due to
- action of gravity
 - mass of the pointer
 - controlling torque
 - damping torques
- Q6. Two alternators are running in parallel. If the driving force of both the alternators is changed, this will result in change in
- frequency
 - back emf
 - generated voltage
 - all of the above
- Q7. A single-phase bridge inverter delivers power to a series connected RLC load with $R = 2 \Omega$, $\omega L = 8 \Omega$. For this inverter load combination, load commutation is possible in case the magnitude of $1/\omega C$ in ohms is
- 10
 - 8
 - 6
 - zero

- Q8. The bridge used for precision measurement of inductance over a wide range, is
- Maxwell bridge
 - Wein's bridge
 - Anderson bridge
 - Hay's bridge
- Q9. Which of the following chopper configurations is used for both motoring and regenerative braking?
- first quadrant configuration
 - second quadrant configuration
 - two quadrant configuration
 - four quadrant configuration
- Q10. In which of the following condition an oscillator can stop oscillating?
- increase in transistor gain
 - reduction in transistor gain
 - elimination of triggered pulses
 - none of the above
- Q11. A MOSFET can be operated with
- negative gate voltage only
 - positive gate voltage only
 - with both positive and negative gate voltage
 - none of the above
- Q12. Which of the following type of instruments depends upon the magnetic effect of current for their action?
- hot wire and induction
 - PMMC and thermocouple
 - hot wire and PMMC
 - PMMC and moving iron
- Q13. The transfer function of the system described by $\frac{d^2y}{dt^2} + \frac{dy}{dt} = \frac{du}{dt} + 2u$ with u as input and y as output is
- $\frac{(s+2)}{(s^2+s)}$
 - $\frac{(s+1)}{(s^2+s)}$
 - $\frac{2}{(s^2+s)}$
 - $\frac{2s}{(s^2+s)}$
- Q14. A transformer having 100 turns of primary side is applied with 200 V AC, In order to get 400 V AC on secondary side the number of turns on the secondary side must be
- 200
 - 800
 - 50
 - 100

Q15. For the block diagram shown in Figure $C(s)/R(s)$ is given by



- a) $\frac{G_1 G_2 G_3}{1 + H_2 G_2 G_3 + H_1 G_1 G_2}$
- b) $\frac{G_1 G_2 G_3}{1 + H_1 H_2 G_1 G_2 G_3}$
- c) $\frac{G_1 G_2 G_3}{1 + H_1 G_1 G_2 G_3 + H_2 G_2 G_3 G_1}$
- d) $\frac{G_1 G_2 G_3}{1 + H_1 G_1 G_2 G_3}$

Q16. The Thevenin equivalent consists of

- a) a single voltage source
- b) a single resistor
- c) a single source of voltage in series with single resistor
- d) a single source of voltage in parallel with single resistor

Q17. An idealized physical system is called a

- a) control model
- b) physical model
- c) ideal system
- d) linear system

Q18. According to connections of thyristors, inverters can be classified as

- a) series type
- b) parallel type
- c) bridge type
- d) all of these

Q19. The number of roots on the equation $2s^4 + s^3 + 3s^2 + 5s + 7 = 0$ that lie in the right half of s-plane is

- a) zero
- b) one
- c) two
- d) three

Q 20. A passive two-port network is in a steady state. Compared to its input, the steady output can never offer

- a) higher voltage
- b) lower impedance
- c) greater power
- d) better regulation

- Q21. Which of the following relationships between A,B,C,D constants is correct for an equivalent symmetrical T or π network of a long transmission line?
- $A = C$
 - $B = C$
 - $A = D$
 - $D = B$
- Q22. The open circuited voltage at the terminals of load R_L is 30 V, under the conditions of maximum power transfer, the load voltage will be
- 30 V
 - 10 V
 - 15 V
 - 5 V
- Q23. A cascade of 3 linear time-invariant systems is causal and unstable. From this, it is concluded that
- each system in the cascade is individually causal and unstable
 - at least one system is unstable and at least one system is causal
 - at least one system is causal and all systems are unstable
 - the majority are unstable and the majority are causal.
- Q24. If an AC voltage wave is corrupted with an arbitrary number of harmonics, then the overall voltage waveform differs from its fundamental frequency component in terms of
- only the peak values
 - only the rms values
 - peak and rms values
 - all the three measures (peak, rms and average values)
- Q25. A current impulse of $5\delta(t)$, is forced through a capacitor C. The voltage $V_c(t)$, across the capacitor is given by
- $5t$
 - $5u(t)-C$
 - $\frac{5}{C}t$
 - $\frac{5u(t)}{C}$
- Q26. A capacitor start capacitor run single phase induction motor is basically a
- ac series motor
 - dc series motor
 - 2 phase induction motor
 - 3 phase induction motor
- Q27. If the field of synchronous motor is under excited, the power factor will be
- lagging
 - leading
 - unity
 - none of these
- Q28. The efficiency of transformer does not depends on
- current
 - load
 - power factor
 - all of the above

- Q29. When a line to ground fault occurs, the current in the faulted phase is 100 A. The zero sequence current in this case will be
- 33.3 A
 - zero
 - 66.6 A
 - 100 A
- Q30. A 200 V dc machine has an armature resistance of 0.5 ohm. If the full armature current is 30 A, the induced e.m.f, when the machine act as (i) generator (ii) motor will be
- 170 V, 230 V
 - 175 V, 225 V
 - 185 V, 215 V
 - 120 V, 210 V
- Q31. In a dc series motor, shaft torque is less than the armature torque due to
- stray losses
 - eddy current losses
 - hysteresis losses
 - all of the above
- Q32. The intersection of root locus branches with the imaginary axis can be determined by the use of
- polar plots
 - rouths criteria
 - nyquist criterion
 - none of the above
- Q33. The characteristic impedance of a transmission line depends upon
- shape of the conductor
 - surface treatments of the conductor
 - conductivity of the material
 - geometrical configurations of the conductors
- Q34. In a circuit breaker the time duration from the instant of fault to the extinction of arc is known as
- operating time
 - total clearing time
 - lag time
 - lead time
- Q35. A time varying magnetic field produces
- magnetic field only
 - electric field only
 - both electric and magnetic fields
 - magnetic, electric and thermal fields.
- Q36. In load flow studies PV bus is treated as PQ bus when
- phase angle becomes high
 - reactive power goes beyond limits
 - voltage at the bus becomes high
 - any of the above

Q37. Find the value of the definite integral:

$$\int_0^{\pi/2} \sin x \, dx$$

- a) 1
- b) 2/3
- c) -2
- d) 0

Q38. The number of arbitrary constants in the general solution of a differential equation is equal to its

- a) order
- b) degree
- c) linearity
- d) homogeneity

Q39. The Laplace Transform of the function $f(t) = e^{at}$ is

- a) $a / (s - a)$
- b) $1 / (s + a)$
- c) $s / (s - a)$
- d) $1 / (s - a)$

Q40. In a Gauss Seidel method of power flow problem, the number of iterations may be reduced if the correction in voltage at each bus is multiplied by

- a) gauss constant
- b) acceleration constant
- c) blocking factor
- d) deceleration factor

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Answer Key Ph.D. Entrance Examination of Electrical Engineering

Question Number	Answer	Question Number	Answer
Q1	b	Q21	c
Q2	c	Q22	c
Q3	c	Q23	b
Q4	a	Q24	c
Q5	c	Q25	d
Q6	d	Q26	c
Q7	a	Q27	a
Q8	c	Q28	c
Q9	c	Q29	a
Q10	b	Q30	d
Q11	c	Q31	a
Q12	d	Q32	b
Q13	a	Q33	d
Q14	a	Q34	b
Q15	a	Q35	c
Q16	c	Q36	b
Q17	b	Q37	a
Q18	d	Q38	a
Q19	c	Q39	d
Q20	c	Q40	b

(Signature)